UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re: Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether ("MTBE")
Products Liability Litigation

Master File No. 1:00-1898 MDL 1358 (SAS) M21-88

This document pertains to:

City of New York v. Amerada Hess Corp. et al., Case No. NY-04-CV-03417

DECLARATION OF JENNIFER KALNINS TEMPLE IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANTS'
JOINT MOTION IN LIMINE TO PRECLUDE PLAINTIFF FROM OFFERING
EVIDENCE OR ARGUMENT CONCERNING ANY POLICY OR REQUIREMENT TO
TREAT MTBE CONTAMINATION TO ANY LEVEL OTHER THAN THE NEW YORK
STATE MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVEL

JENNIFER KALNINS TEMPLE, an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of New York and in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, hereby declares the following under penalties of perjury:

- 1. I am a member of the law firm McDermott Will & Emery LLP, counsel for defendant Exxon Mobil Corporation in the above-captioned case. I respectfully submit this Declaration in further support of *Defendants' Joint Motion in Limine to Preclude Plaintiff from Offering Evidence or Argument Concerning Any Policy or Requirement to Treat MTBE Contamination to Any Level Other Than The New York State Maximum Contaminant Level (hereinafter "Defendants' Joint Motion")* that is being filed concurrently herewith in the above-captioned case. This Declaration authenticates the exhibit attached and referenced in Defendants' Joint Motion. In accordance with this Court's Individual Rules and Procedures, only the relevant pages of each exhibit are attached.
- 2. Attached at Exhibit A are true and correct copies of relevant pages from the deposition of Arthur Ashendorff (Oct. 19, 2005). The attached copies were made on or about May 11, 2009.

- 3. Attached at Exhibit B are true and correct copies of relevant pages from *Minutes* of Groundwater Project Team Meeting (May 27, 2008). The attached copies were made on or about May 11, 2009.
- 4. Attached at Exhibit C are true and correct copies of relevant pages from the deposition of Steven Schindler (Apr. 23, 2009). The attached copies were made on or about May 11, 2009.

Dated: May 11, 2009

ENNIFER KAZNINS TEMPLE

EXHIBIT A

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Page 254
                   VOLUME II
1
       IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2
          EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
3
     IN RE:
4
    Methyl Tertiary Butyl: MDL NO. 1358 (SAS)
5
     Ether ("MTBE")
     Products Liability
 6
    Litigation
 7
     CONFIDENTIAL (Per 2004 MDL 1358 Order)
 8
 9
                October 19, 2005
10
11
                 CONFIDENTIAL Continued
     Videotaped Deposition of ARTHUR J.
12
    ASHENDORFF, held in the law offices of
     McDermott, Will & Emery, 50 Rockefeller
13
     Plaza, New York, New York 10020,
     beginning at approximately 10:10 a.m.,
14
     before Ann V. Kaufmann, a Registered
     Professional Reporter, Certified
15
     Realtime Reporter, Approved Reporter of
     the U.S. District Court, and a Notary
16
     Public of the Commonwealth of
     Pennsylvania.
17
18
19
20
21
           ESQUIRE DEPOSITION SERVICES
22
         1600 John F. Kennedy Boulevard
          Four Penn Center, Suite 1210
23
        Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103
                  (215) 988-9191
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are a water supplier.	Page 293		
The way we believe it works			
is that regulations are proposed and			
analyzed and made based by health officials, EPA, State Health Department,			
and they set standards that they believe			
are appropriate to protect public			
health. And it is our job to make sure			
that the drinking water meets that			
standard.			
I'm not sure that I mean			
the assumption is that if we can provide			
water that meets all of the standards,			
we will be providing water that is not			
unhealthy.			
I don't think you think in			
terms of any samples being healthy or			
any particular parameter being healthy			
or unhealthy. We assume that the people			
who make the regulations are basically			
providing the standards that will			
protect public health, and we carry that			
out.			
Q. And with respect to the			
	The way we believe it works is that regulations are proposed and analyzed and made based by health officials, EPA, State Health Department, and they set standards that they believe are appropriate to protect public health. And it is our job to make sure that the drinking water meets that standard. I'm not sure that I mean the assumption is that if we can provide water that meets all of the standards, we will be providing water that is not unhealthy. I don't think you think in terms of any samples being healthy or any particular parameter being healthy or unhealthy. We assume that the people who make the regulations are basically providing the standards that will protect public health, and we carry that out.		

EXHIBIT B

From:

Mak, Florence

Sent:

Monday, June 30, 2008 8:42 AM

To:

'Liberi, Tracey'

Subject:

RE: WQ meeting 5_27_08_final draft.doc

Attachments:

WQ Meeting 052708 revised.doc



WQ Meeting 52708 revised.doc

Good morning, Tracey.

As attached, please find the revised minutes. There were minor modifications in the names used.

Thank you,

Florence W. Mak, P.E., Project Manager

Division of Dependability and Risk Assessment, BEDC

New York City Department of Environmental Protection

96-05 Horace Harding Expressway, 4th Floor

Corona, New York 11368-5107

Tel. (718) 595-5481, Fax (718) 595-6966/7274

fmak@dep.nyc.gov

From: Liberi, Tracey [mailto:LiberiTG@cdm.com]

Sent: Friday, June 20, 2008 12:51 PM

To: Mak, Florence; Barnes, Venetia; Meakin, William; Schindler, Steven; Freud, Salome; Becker, William; Cisterna,

Richard H.; Feldman, Eileen; Luck, Anni; O'Rourke, Daniel

Cc: Kroll, Gary; Peters, Richard E.

Subject: WQ meeting 5_27_08_final draft.doc



<<WQ meeting 5_27_08_final draft.doc>>

All:

Please see the draft meeting minutes from our Dependability groundwater project team meeting of May 27, 2008.

1

CDM / HAZEN AND SAWYER

DEP-FP1 Water Supply Dependability Strategy 1375 Broadway, Suite 1401 • New York, NY 10018 212 221-9462 • Fax: 212 221-9540

THE CITY OF NEW YORK DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF ENGINEERING DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

ENGINEERING SERVICES FOR DEP CONTRACT DEP-FP1

Minutes of Groundwater Project Team Meeting - May 27, 2008

Approach to Developing Raw and Finished Water Quality Design Criteria

Location: LeFrak - 11th Floor Conference Room

Attendees:

NYCDEP:

Venetia Barnes, Florence Mak, William Meakin, Steve Schindler,

Salome Freud

JV:

Bill Becker, Rick Cisterna, Eileen Feldman, Tracey Liberi,

Anni Luck, Dan O'Rourke

1. Background of City Groundwater Project

Deleted: Jamaica

- a. Project Goals
 - The goal of the City Groundwater Facility Planning is to bring the project to 10% design. This includes siting water treatment plants and wells; designing treatment facilities, raw and finished water transmission; and developing construction and O&M costs.
 - 2) The project will provide 55 mgd of potable water using existing and new Magothy wells. At the completion of the 55 mgd Dependability portion of groundwater, 80 mgd of Queens groundwater will be available (55 mgd Dependability, 10 mgd Station 6, 15 mgd existing capacity).
 - The team will use modeling and sample results to site wells with lowest risk of contamination.
 - ii) The water quality of the NYCDEP's 15 mgd of "existing capacity" (wells with GAC treatment and Well 5) will be evaluated to see if they meet the finished water goals of the project.
 - Water table management is also under consideration as a portion of the Dependability groundwater project.
- b. Project Name
 - The "Jamaica Groundwater Project" name originated during the early stages of the Dependability Project.
 - 2) S. Freud indicated that the official name of the groundwater system is

Page 1 of 6

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DEP-FP1
Approach to Developing Raw and Finished Water Quality Design Criteria
May 27, 2008

for discussion of water quality goals and targets.

4) The following goals were discussed:

- Hardness: Target 80-100 mg/L, or the standard "mid-range" of hardness. S. Schindler recommended looking at historic Croton hardness and aiming for this level.
- ii) Color: Iron and manganese are the potential culprits for color problems. Treatment for iron and manganese must be selected carefully. Sequestering is not expected to work because of blending issues with Catskill/Delaware water. Sequestered contaminants can become "unmasked" when blended with non-sequestered water. A design goal of less than 15 seu and a design target of less than 5 seu were discussed.
- iii) Total Dissolved Solids: A goal of TDS below 400 mg/L is appropriate. The JV team will conduct an anion/cation balance to establish the current dissolved solids level.
- iv) Toxic Carcinogens: No matter what level of treatment provided, no process will remove 100% of a contaminant. BWS does not want to knowingly distribute water with known levels of a carcinogen, even if it is below the regulatory limit. A preliminary decision of treating toxic parameters to 10% of the MCL, 90% of the time was established. Historically, the NYCDEP shut down wells that did not have treatment when the raw water quality exceeded 50% of the MCL for any parameter.
- v) pH: Some treatment methods (e.g., air stripping) can adjust the pH out of the optimal range. The required pH is set by New York State, the Lead and Copper Rule, and the NYCDEP corrosion control program.
- The finished water criteria will be selected based on treatment costs, available treatment plant sites, and the impact to the sewer system (residuals).

3. Action Items

- a. BWS Provide additional groundwater raw water quality data for 2006-2007.
- b. JV Team Retain all CCLs on the Master Parameter List Determine what laboratories include in the EDC/PCPP scan, then place remaining EDC/PPCPs of concern on the Master Parameter List – Additional. The sampling plan will target 8 to 10 wells in key locations for the additional parameters and the EDC/PCPP scan.
- JV Team Determine if USGS has ever detected EDCs/PCPPs in Queens groundwater.
- d. JV Team Investigate EDC/PCPP analytical methods and their costs.
- e. S. Freud Provide a list of approved analytical methods per analyte.
- f. JV Team Determine historic hardness levels and incorporate into finished water

Page 5 of 6

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EXHIBIT C

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Page 1
         IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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            SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY
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    IN RE:
    Methyl Tertiary Butyl : MDL NO. 1358 (SAS)
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    Ether ("MTBE")
    Products Liability
    Litigation
             In Re:
5
                    City of New York
 6
       CONFIDENTIAL (Per 2004 MDL 1358 Order)
 7
                     April 23, 2009
 8
 9
10
                   Videotaped Transcript of the
11
    deposition of STEVEN SCHINDLER, called for
    Oral Examination in the above-captioned
12
    matter, said deposition taken pursuant to
    Federal Court Rules, by and before DANA N.
13
     SREBRENICK, a Federally-Approved Certified
    Realtime and Certified Livenote Reporter, and
14
    Notary Public for the State of New York, at
    the offices of McDermott, Will & Emery, LLP,
15
     340 Madison Avenue, New York, New York,
    commencing at 10:00 a.m.
16
17
18
19
20
                 GOLKOW TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
              877.370.3377 ph 917.591.5672 fax
21
                     deps@golkow.com
22
    JOB NO. 14751
23
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			Page 170		
1 .74		Yes.	_		
2		We discussed earlier that you			
3	3 agree with that statement, correct?				
4 5	Α.	Yes. Do you know who wrote that	en in de verkeelste ook en de verkeelste ook en de verkeelste ook en de verkeelste ook en de verkeelste onde v Verkeelste ook en de verkeelste ook en de ver		
6	statement?				
7	A.	No.			
8	Q.	It goes on to say "BWS" is			
9	that Bureau o	f Water Supply?			
10	Α.	Yes.			
11	Q.	"does not want to knowingly			
12	distribute water with known levels of a				
13	carcinogen ev	en if it's below the regulatory			
14	limit." And	then it says, "A preliminary			
15	decision of t	reating toxic parameters to 10			
16	percent of th	e MCL, 90 percent of the time			
17	was establish	ed."			
18		Do you see that?			
19	A.	Yes.			
20	Q.	What does it mean to treat a			
21	carcinogen to	10 percent of the MCL 90			
22	percent of th	e time?			
23	А.	Well, it would mean to provide			
24	adequate trea	tment to ensure they do not			

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Page 171 exceed 10 percent of the MCL in 90 percent of 1 the samples that are collected. 2 And do you know how the City 3 0. would go about ensuring that level of 4 treatment? 5 Well, it would be through a --6 Α. an engineering design analysis. I'm not --7 as I said earlier, I'm not an expert on -- on treatment, but there would be treatment processes that would be able to achieve these 10 levels. 11' And when it says, "A 12 Q. preliminary decision has been made, " do you 13 know if this decision has changed from being 14 a preliminary to a final decision? 15 I don't know. 16 Α. Do you know who would make this 17 Ο. decision? 18 I would think the commissioner 19 Α. would be making this decision. 20 And who is the commissioner? 21 Q. Α. The current acting commissioner 22 is Steven Lawitts. 23 Steven Lawitts? 24 Ο.